* a		·	e e	
	0	OPY -		
	\bigcirc	JESSE W. MARKHAM, JR. (CA SBN 87788)		
	2	WILLIAM L. STERN (CA SBN 96105) JENNIFER LEE TAYLOR (CA SBN 161368)		
	3	KEITH L. BUTLER (CA SBN 215670) JMarkham@mofo.com		
	4	MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP 425 Market Street		
	·	San Francisco, California 94105-2482		
	5	Telephone: 415.268.7000 Facsimile: 415.268.7522		
	6	Attorneys for Plaintiff		
	7	COALITION FOR ICANN TRANSPARENCY, INC.		
	8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
	9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
	10	SAN JOSE DIVISION		
	11			
	12	COALITION FOR ICANN TRANSPARENCY INC., a Delaware corporation,	Case No.	
	13	•	DECLARATION OF RICHARD L.	
	14	Plaintiff,	CHAMBERS IN SUPPORT OF THE COALITION FOR ICANN	
	15	V.	TRANSPARENCY'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR	
	16	VERISIGN, INC., a Delaware corporation; INTERNET CORPORATION FOR ASSIGNED	TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER	
	17	NAMES AND NUMBERS, a California corporation,		
	18	Defendants.		
	19			
	. 20	I, Richard L. Chambers, hereby declare:		
	21	1. I am the Managing Principal (Member) of R. Lee Chambers Company LLC d/b/a		
	22	domainstobeseen.com. R. Lee Chambers Company LLC is a domain name registrar, engaged in		
•	23	the business of registering domain names for others. I have personal knowledge of the facts		
	24	stated herein and could testify competently to them if called to do so.		
	25	2. I have read the proposed ICANN/VeriSign "Registry Agreement," which is posted		
	26	on ICANN's website at http://www.icann.org/tlds/agreements/verisign/com-registry-agreement-		
	27	22sep05.pdf. If implemented, the pricing provisions of that agreement, set forth in Section 7.3(d),		
,	28	would cause my company immediate and irreparable harm.		
		Declaration Of [Name] In Support Of The Coalition For ICANN Transparency's Ex Parte Application For Temporary Restraining Order sf-2038269		

I

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

name.

Price Increase

Sandy Chambers

2 3. Under the existing .com registry agreement, R. Lee Chambers Company LLC is required to pay \$6.00 to VeriSign (the registry) for each .com domain name registration or 3 renewal as a registry fee. In addition, ICANN charges what it calls a "registry-level transaction 4 fee" of \$0.25 per year, which R. Lee Chambers Company LLC pays to ICANN. Thus, under the 5 existing Registry Agreement, R. Lee Chambers Company LLC pays \$6.25 to register a domain 6

- 4. According to Section 7.3(g) of the proposed Registry Agreement, the maximum price of registration does not include the fees provided for in Sections 7.2(d) and (e). The fee provided for in Section 7.2(d) would be \$0.37 (an increase from the current \$0.25 fee) from January 1, 2006 until July 1, 2006. It would further increase to \$0.45 from July 1, 2006 until July 1, 2007, and then it would increase to \$0.50. The maximum per transaction fee allowed under Section 7.2(e) would be \$0.15. To register/renew a domain name, R. Lee Chambers Company LLC will be required to pay both of these fees in addition to the maximum price for registry services provided in Section 7.3(d), which initially is set at \$6.00.
- Including both the maximum price for registry services and the fees from Sections 5. 7.2(d) and (e), the price for a .com domain name registration would jump from \$6.25 (under the existing Registry Agreement) to \$6.56 beginning January 1, 2006.
- The new Registry Agreement also contains a price escalator. After January 1, 6. 2007, the price for a domain name registration would increase automatically each year by seven percent. Under Section 7.3(d)(ii), that 7% price increase would not only be automatic, it could only go up, never down. Furthermore, the increase is not tied to the inflation rate or any other index.
- Beginning with the price of \$6.00 in 2006 and multiplying by 1.07 each year (as 7. provided in Section 7.3(d)(ii) of the proposed Registry Agreement), the price escalator will result in the following base prices: \$6.42 in 2007; \$6.87 in 2008; \$7.35 in 2009; \$7.86 in 2010; \$8.42 in 2011; and \$9.00 in 2012.

Chambers

3 4

5 6

7

8

9

11

12

10

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

28

- 8. In addition, to register a domain name, R. Lee Chambers Company LLC will have to pay the fees provided for in Sections 7.2 (d) and (e). Thus, the maximum cost of registration would be as follows: \$6.52 (from January 1, 2006 until July 1, 2006); \$6.60 (from July 1, 2006) until January 1, 2007); \$7.02 (from January 1, 2007 until July 1, 2007); \$7.07 (from July 1, 2007) until January 1, 2008); \$7.52 (in 2008); \$8.00 (in 2009); \$8.51 (in 2010); \$9.07 (in 2011); and \$9.65 (in 2012).
- 9. The price increase built into the Registry Agreement will harm R. Lee Chambers Company LLC. Over the term of the new agreement (through 2012), we would either need to absorb the price increase, or charge customers more for each registration, which would lower the demand for new registrations. Under either scenario, our profits would decrease.

R. Lee Chambers Company LLC's Irreparable Harm

- 10. The new "Central Listing Service" ("CLS") that VeriSign proposes to offer starting in December will disrupt our established and competitive business and will replace it with a system that is designed to maximize profits for a select group of registrars: those with the largest number of domain names. Under the CLS service, there will be an auction for any expiring domain name. If there is a successful bid on a domain name, VeriSign will give 90% of the bid to the registrar who released the name and keep 10% for itself. The registrar for the successful bidder receives no portion of the bid price. Because the domain name registration system initially relied on only one registrar and only slowly opened up to a competitive registrar system, the majority of domain names are still controlled by a small number of registrars. This small group will benefit from the new CLS system at the expense of the newer and smaller registrars, who are able to offer competitive services under the current system but will be almost entirely excluded from the new system.
- If VeriSign offers CLS, the harm to R. Lee Chambers Company LLC will be immediate and irreparable. In the case of R. Lee Chambers Company LLC, 95-98% of our revenue from our work with back order service providers to offer registration services for expiring domain names. If our back order service provider is successful in obtaining a desirable domain name for a registrant, we receive a portion of the amount that the registrant pays for the Declaration Of [Name] In Support Of The Coalition For ICANN Transparency's Ex Parte Application For Temporary Restraining Order sf-2038269

12 13

11

15 16

14

17 18

20

19

22

21

24

23

25 26

27

28

domain name, which can be significant. Because our back order service provider works with a number of registrars, we have been able to pool our resources, which has allowed us to establish a strong and competitive business model. As a result, we are able to offer competitive registration services to registrants. If VeriSign launches the CLS service, the CLS service will displace (and shut down) the back order services offered by R. Lee Chambers Company LLC and we will immediately lose nearly our entire revenue stream. This will result in the immediate layoff of dozens of trained and skilled employees, the termination of beneficial contract relationships between R, Lee Chambers Company LLC and numerous registrars, and a possible bankruptcy as R. Lee Chambers Company LLC has certain set financial obligations, such as our mortgage and costs associated with our servers, that we would likely not be able to meet without any revenue from our core back order service business.

Chambers

12. Even a temporary offering of the CLS service will irreparably harm R. Lee Chambers Company LLC because we will not be able simply to restart our work with back order service providers to offer registration services for expiring domain names. After the mass layoff required when we shut down our back order service business as a result of VeriSign's launch of CLS, R. Lee Chambers Company LLC will be nothing more than a shell of a company. As a result, before we can begin offering back order services, we will need to renegotiate contracts with registrars and hire employees. We may be able to rehire some of our former employees, but some of the most valuable employees will likely have found alternative employment and will no longer be available. I estimate that it would take R. Lee Chambers Company LLC a year or more to recover from even a short temporary shut down of our core back order service business. If the shut down lasted more than a month, I am doubtful that we would be able to wait out the period and restart the business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 25th day of November, 2005, in Chattahooga, Tennesses.

Name