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11	UNITED STATES DI	STRICT COURT
12	CENTRAL DISTRICT	
13	CENTRAL DISTRICT	OF CALIFORNIA
14	VERISIGN, INC., a Delaware	Case No. CV 04-1292 AHM (CTx)
15	corporation,	DEFENDANT INTERNET
16	Plaintiff,	CORPORATION FOR ASSIGNED NAMES AND
17	v.	NUMBERS' THIRD SUPPLEMENTAL REQUEST
18	INTERNET CORPORATION FOR ASSIGNED NAMES AND NUMBERS, a	FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE
19	California corporation,	[Filed concurrently with Reply In
20	Defendant.	[Filed concurrently with Reply In Support Of ICANN's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Amended First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, and
21		Sixth Claims for Relief]
22		Data: August 22, 2004
23		Date: August 23, 2004 Time: 10:00 a.m. Hon. A. Howard Matz
24		Holl. A. Howard Watz
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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 201, defendant Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers ("ICANN") hereby respectfully requests that, in considering its motion to dismiss pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6), the Court take judicial notice of the July 12, 2004 transcript of proceedings in *RegisterSite.com*, *et. al.*, *v. VeriSign*, *et. al.*, CV 04-1368 ABC (CWx) (C.D. Cal.) ("RegisterSite Transcript"). A true and correct copy of the RegisterSite Transcript is attached hereto as Exhibit O. The document is a public record the existence of which is not subject to dispute. Accordingly, it may be properly considered by the Court in connection with ICANN's motion to dismiss.

## ARGUMENT

In ruling on a motion to dismiss, a court may take notice of "matters of public record" pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence section 201, to the extent they are not subject to reasonable dispute. *Lee v. City of Los Angeles*, 250 F.3d 668, 688-689 (9th Cir. 2001). This includes the transcripts of proceedings in other actions. *Id.* at 689-690. Judicial notice of matters of public record will not convert a Rule 12(b)(6) motion into a summary judgment motion. *Id.* at 689; *Mir v. Little Co. of Mary Hospital*, 844 F.2d 646, 649 (9th Cir. 1988) (same); *Neilson v. Union Bank of Cal.*, *N.A.*, 290 F. Supp. 2d 1101, 1112 n.37 (C.D. Cal. 2003) (same).

The RegisterSite Transcript is relevant to ICANN's motion to dismiss because it establishes VeriSign's violation of the doctrine of judicial estoppel. With regard to the market for domain names -- an issue in both this litigation and in the *RegisterSite* litigation -- VeriSign advocated one definition of the market before the court in the *Registersite* case and an entirely different and contradictory one before the court in this litigation.

In the *RegisterSite* litigation, plaintiffs brought an action against VeriSign and ICANN before Judge Collins, seeking to stop the introduction of VeriSign's proposed Wait Listing Service ("WLS"). In its motion to dismiss RegisterSite's

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1	complaint (RJN Ex. M (VeriSign's RegisterSite Motion to Dismiss) at 21:10-17)	
2	and at the hearing on that motion (RJN Ex. O at 9:7-23), VeriSign argued that the	
3	market in which WLS competes is the market for all domain names, including both	
4	registered and unregistered names. Id. Here, however, VeriSign alleges that the	
5	secondary domain name market "includes the market for registered (or existing)	
6	domain names," but apparently does <i>not</i> include unregistered domain names. FAC	
7	¶ 106. This conduct advocating two contrary positions before two different	
8	courts is expressly prohibited under the doctrine of judicial estoppel. That	
9	doctrine is invoked "not only to prevent a party from gaining an advantage by	
10	taking inconsistent positions, but also because of general considerations of the	
11	orderly administration of justice and regard for the dignity of judicial proceedings,'	
12	and to 'protect against a litigant playing fast and loose with the courts.'" Hamilton	
13	v. State Farm Fire & Cas. Co., 270 F.3d 778, 782 (9th Cir. 2001) (quoting Russell	
14	v. Rolfs, 893 F.2d 1033, 1037 (9th Cir. 1990)). To enforce this doctrine, a court is	
15	entitled to consider indeed it must consider pleadings filed by parties in other	
16	litigation.	
17	The RegisterSite Transcript is a record of this Court and is being offered for	
18	the existence of the arguments VeriSign made to the Court, not for the truth or	
19	accuracy of those arguments. MGIC Indem. Corp. v. Weisman, 803 F.2d 500, 504-	
20	5 (9th Cir. 1986). Accordingly, it may be judicially noticed. Lee, 250 F.3d at 689.	
21		
22	Dated: August 12, 2004 JONES DAY	
23		
24	By:	
25	Jeffrey LeVee	
26	Attorneys for Defendant INTERNET CORPORATION FOR	
27	ASSIGNED NAMES AND NUMBERS	

28